

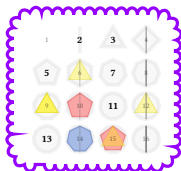


Exploring the internal language of toposes

– *an invitation* –

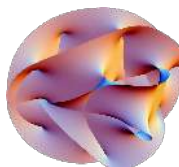
1

Alternate universes



2

Applications



3

Vision for the future



Ingo Blechschmidt (MPI Leipzig)

6th World Congress and School on Universal Logic in Vichy
 Workshop on Categories and Logic organized by Peter Arndt
 June 22nd, 2018

A glimpse of the toposophic landscape

Set



The usual laws
of logic hold.

A glimpse of the toposophic landscape

Set



The usual laws
of logic hold.

Sh X



The intermediate
value theorem fails.

Eff



Every function
is computable.

A glimpse of the toposophic landscape

Set



Set



The usual laws
of logic hold.



Sh X



The intermediate
value theorem fails.



Eff



Every function
is computable.



The internal universe of a topos

A **topos** is a finitely complete cartesian closed category with a subobject classifier. For any topos \mathcal{E} and any statement φ , we define the meaning of

“ $\mathcal{E} \models \varphi$ ” (“ φ holds in the internal universe of \mathcal{E} ”)

using the **Kripke–Joyal semantics**.

$\text{Set} \models \varphi$

“ φ holds in the usual sense.”

$\text{Sh}(X) \models \varphi$

“ φ holds continuously.”

$\text{Eff} \models \varphi$

“ φ holds computably.”

The internal universe of a topos

A **topos** is a finitely complete cartesian closed category with a subobject classifier. For any topos \mathcal{E} and any statement φ , we define the meaning of

“ $\mathcal{E} \models \varphi$ ” (“ φ holds in the internal universe of \mathcal{E} ”)

using the **Kripke–Joyal semantics**.

$\text{Set} \models \varphi$

“ φ holds in the
usual sense.”

$\text{Sh}(X) \models \varphi$

“ φ holds
continuously.”

$\text{Eff} \models \varphi$

“ φ holds
computably.”

Any topos supports **mathematical reasoning**:

If $\mathcal{E} \models \varphi$ and if $\varphi \vdash \psi$ intuitionistically, then $\mathcal{E} \models \psi$.

The internal universe of a topos

A **topos** is a finitely complete cartesian closed category with a subobject classifier. For any topos \mathcal{E} and any statement φ , we define the meaning of

$\mathcal{E} \models \varphi$ (“ φ holds in the internal universe of \mathcal{E} ”)

using the **Kripke–Joyal semantics**.

$\text{Set} \models \varphi$

“ φ holds in the usual sense.”

$\text{Sh}(X) \models \varphi$

“ φ holds continuously.”

$\text{Eff} \models \varphi$

“ φ holds computably.”

Any topos supports **mathematical reasoning**:

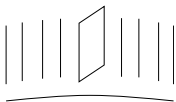
If $\mathcal{E} \models \varphi$ and if $\varphi \vdash \psi$ intuitionistically, then $\mathcal{E} \models \psi$.

no $\varphi \vee \neg\varphi$, no $\neg\neg\varphi \Rightarrow \varphi$, no axiom of choice

First steps in alternate universes

- $\text{Eff} \models$ “Any number is prime or is not prime.” ✓
Meaning: There is a **Turing machine** which determines of any given number whether it is prime or not.
- $\text{Eff} \models$ “There are infinitely many prime numbers.” ✓
Meaning: There is a **Turing machine** producing arbitrarily many primes.
- $\text{Eff} \models$ “Any function $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ is the zero function or not.” ✗
Meaning: There is a **Turing machine** which, given a Turing machine computing a function $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$, determines whether f is zero or not.
- $\text{Eff} \models$ “Any function $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ is computable.” ✓
- $\text{Sh}(X) \models$ “Any cont. function with opposite signs has a zero.” ✗
Meaning: Zeros can locally be picked **continuously** in continuous families of continuous functions. (video for counterexample)

Applications



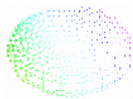
in commutative algebra
 new reduction techniques
 constructive proofs



in algebraic geometry
 simpler and more conceptual proofs
 synthetic algebraic geometry



in philosophy of math
 historical contingency
 platonism
 pluralism
 relativism



in further fields
 synthetic measure theory
 synthetic computability theory
 synthetic homotopy theory (HoTT)
 Bohr topos for quantum mechanics

The little Zariski topos of a ring

Let A be a reduced commutative ring ($x^n = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$).

The **little Zariski topos** of A is equivalently

- the topos of sheaves over $\text{Spec}(A)$,
- the classifying topos of localizations of A or
- the classifying topos of prime filters of A

and contains a **mirror image** of A : A^\sim .

Assuming the Boolean prime ideal theorem, a first-order formula “ $\forall \dots \forall. (\dots \Rightarrow \dots)$ ”, where the two subformulas may not contain “ \Rightarrow ” and “ \forall ”, holds for A^\sim iff it holds for all stalks A_p .

A^\sim inherits any property of A which is **localization-stable**.

A^\sim is a **local ring** and a **field**.

A^\sim has **$\neg\neg$ -stable equality**.

A^\sim is **anonymously Noetherian**.

The little Zariski topos of a ring

Let A be a reduced commutative ring ($x^n = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$).

The

ON THE SPECTRUM OF A RINGED TOPOS

209

For completeness, two further remarks should be added to this treatment of the spectrum. One is that in \mathbf{E} the canonical map $A \rightarrow \Gamma_*(LA)$ is an isomorphism—i.e., the representation of A in the ring of “global sections” of LA is complete. The second, due to Mulvey in the case $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{S}$, is that in $\text{Spec}(\mathbf{E}, A)$ the formula

$$\neg(x \in U(LA)) \Rightarrow \exists n(x^n = 0)$$

is valid. This is surely important, though its precise significance is still somewhat obscure—as is the case with many such nongeometric formulas. In any case, calculations such as these are easier from the point of view of the Heyting algebra of radical ideals of A , and hence will be omitted here.

tain “ \Rightarrow ” a Miles Tierney. On the spectrum of a ringed topos. 1976. *alidity.*

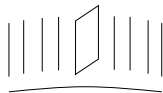
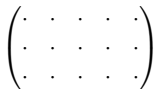
it holds for all stalks A_p .

A^\sim is anonymously Noetherian.

Applications in commutative algebra

Let A be a reduced commutative ring ($x^n = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0$).

Let A^\sim be its mirror image in the little Zariski topos.



A baby application

Let M be an injective matrix over A with more columns than rows. Then $1 = 0$ in A .

Proof. M is also injective as a matrix over A^\sim . Since A^\sim is a field, trivially $1 = 0$ in A^\sim . This means $1 = 0$ in A .

Generic freeness

Let M be a finitely generated A -module. If $f = 0$ is the only element of A such that $M[f^{-1}]$ is a free $A[f^{-1}]$ -module, then $1 = 0$ in A .

Proof. The claim is the translation of the statement “ M^\sim is **not not** free”. Since A^\sim is a field, this is trivial.

The Kripke–Joyal semantics for the little Zariski topos

Recall $A[f^{-1}] = \left\{ \frac{u}{f^n} \mid u \in A, n \in \mathbb{N} \right\}$.

- $\text{Sh}(\text{Spec}(A)) \models$ “For all $x \in A^\sim$, ...”
 Meaning: For all $f \in A$ and all $x \in A[f^{-1}]$, ...
- $\text{Sh}(\text{Spec}(A)) \models$ “There is $x \in A^\sim$ such that ...”
 Meaning: There is a partition of unity, $1 = f_1 + \cdots + f_n \in A$, such that for each i , there exists $x_i \in A[f_i^{-1}]$ with ...
- $\text{Sh}(\text{Spec}(A)) \models$ “ φ implies ψ ”
 Meaning: For all $f \in A$, if φ on stage f , then ψ on stage f .

Applications in algebraic geometry

Understand notions of algebraic geometry over a scheme X as notions of algebra internal to $\text{Sh}(X)$.

externally	internally to $\text{Sh}(X)$
sheaf of sets	set
sheaf of modules	module
sheaf of finite type	finitely generated module
tensor product of sheaves	tensor product of modules
sheaf of rational functions	total quotient ring of \mathcal{O}_X
dimension of X	Krull dimension of \mathcal{O}_X
spectrum of a sheaf of \mathcal{O}_X -algebras	ordinary spectrum [with a twist]
higher direct images	sheaf cohomology

Let $0 \rightarrow M' \rightarrow M \rightarrow M'' \rightarrow 0$ be a short exact sequence of modules. If M' and M'' are finitely generated, so is M .



Let $0 \rightarrow \mathcal{F}' \rightarrow \mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}'' \rightarrow 0$ be a short exact sequence of sheaves of \mathcal{O}_X -modules. If \mathcal{F}' and \mathcal{F}'' are of finite type, so is \mathcal{F} .

Synthetic algebraic geometry

Usual approach to algebraic geometry: **layer schemes above ordinary set theory** using either

- locally ringed spaces

set of prime ideals of $\mathbb{Z}[X, Y, Z]/(X^n + Y^n - Z^n) +$

Zariski topology + structure sheaf

- or Grothendieck's functor-of-points account, where a scheme is a functor $\text{Ring} \rightarrow \text{Set}$.

$$A \longmapsto \{(x, y, z) \in A^3 \mid x^n + y^n - z^n = 0\}$$

Synthetic algebraic geometry

Usual approach to algebraic geometry: **layer schemes above ordinary set theory** using either

- locally ringed spaces

set of prime ideals of $\mathbb{Z}[X, Y, Z]/(X^n + Y^n - Z^n) +$

Zariski topology + structure sheaf

- or Grothendieck's functor-of-points account, where a scheme is a functor $\text{Ring} \rightarrow \text{Set}$.

$$A \longmapsto \{(x, y, z) \in A^3 \mid x^n + y^n - z^n = 0\}$$

Synthetic approach: model schemes **directly as sets** in a certain nonclassical set theory, the internal universe of the **big Zariski topos** of a base scheme.

$$\{(x, y, z) : (\underline{\mathbb{A}}^1)^3 \mid x^n + y^n - z^n = 0\}$$

The big Zariski topos

The **big Zariski topos** $\text{Zar}(S)$ of a scheme S is equivalently

- 1 the topos of sheaves over Aff/S ,
 - 2 the classifying topos of local rings over S or
 - 3 the classifying $\text{Sh}(S)$ -topos of local \mathcal{O}_S -algebras which are local over \mathcal{O}_S .
- For an S -scheme X , its functor of points $\underline{X} = \text{Hom}_S(\cdot, X)$ is an object of $\text{Zar}(S)$. It feels like **the set of points** of X .
 - Internally, $\underline{\mathbb{A}^1}$ (given by $\underline{\mathbb{A}^1}(X) = \mathcal{O}_X(X)$) looks like a field and is **synthetically quasicoherent**: For any finitely presented $\underline{\mathbb{A}^1}$ -algebra B , the canonical map is bijective.

$$B \longrightarrow (\underline{\mathbb{A}^1})^{\text{Hom}_{\underline{\mathbb{A}^1}}(B, \underline{\mathbb{A}^1})}, f \longmapsto (\varphi \mapsto \varphi(f))$$

- $\underline{\mathbb{P}^n} = \llbracket \{(\mathbf{x}_0, \dots, \mathbf{x}_n) : (\underline{\mathbb{A}^1})^{n+1} \mid \mathbf{x}_0 \neq 0 \vee \dots \vee \mathbf{x}_n \neq 0\} / (\underline{\mathbb{A}^1})^\times \rrbracket$

Vision for the future



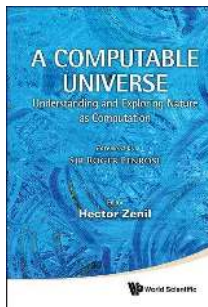
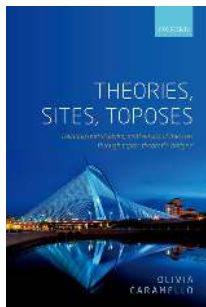
constructive algebra
conceptual proofs
proof assistants



constructive algebraic geometry
synthetic algebraic geometry
intersection theory
derived categories



quasicohherence
nongeometric
mysteries
further fields



Spiel und Spaß mit der internen Welt
des kleinen Zariski-Topos

by Bodo Bouvier
19. Januar 2016



Das Buch ist eine Einführung in die Theorie der Topoi, die in der Mathematik und der Informatik verwendet werden. Es ist eine Einführung in die Theorie der Topoi, die in der Mathematik und der Informatik verwendet werden. Es ist eine Einführung in die Theorie der Topoi, die in der Mathematik und der Informatik verwendet werden.

Using the internal language of toposes
in algebraic geometry

Book review
by Bodo Bouvier

Book review
by Bodo Bouvier

Book review
by Bodo Bouvier

Book review
by Bodo Bouvier

UWA